

Supplementary Materials

Orai1 α , but not Orai1 β , co-localizes with TRPC1 and is required for its plasma membrane location and activation

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Figs. S1 to S9

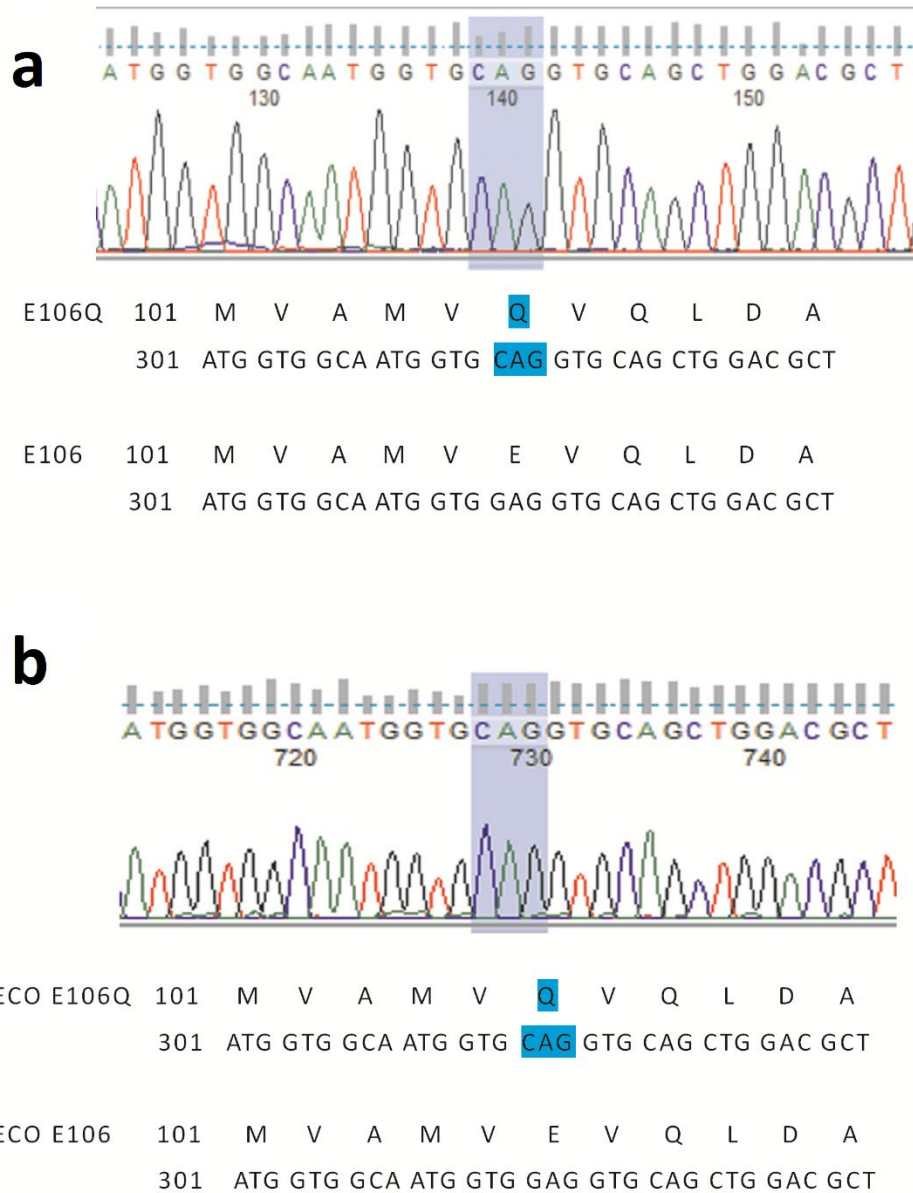


Figure S1. Sequencing results of Orai1 β E43Q-EGFP (corresponding to the E106Q mutant of the Orai1 α variant) **(a)** and GECO-Orai1E106Q mutants **(b)**.

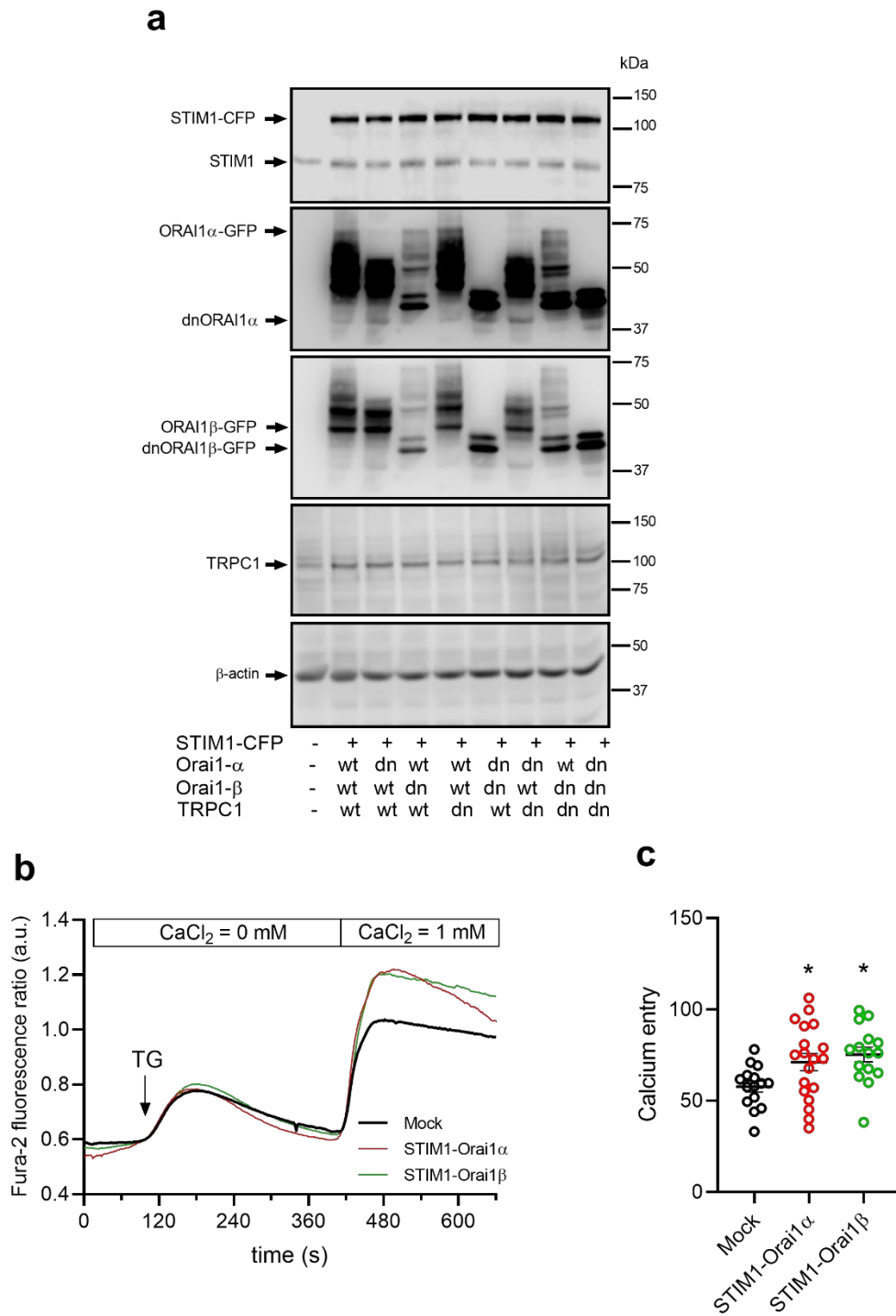


Figure S2. STIM1, Orai1 variants/mutants and TRPC1 expression in HeLa cells.

a HeLa cells were co-transfected with STIM1-CFP, Orai1 α -GFP (or dnOrai1 α mutant, as indicated), Orai1 β -GFP (or dnOrai1 β -GFP mutant, as indicated) and TRPC1. Forty-eight hours later cells were lysed and subjected to 10% SDS-PAGE and Western blotting with

anti-STIM1 antibody, anti-Orai1 C-terminal antibody or anti-TRPC1 antibody, as described in Material and Methods. Membranes were re probed with anti- β -actin antibody for protein loading control. Molecular masses indicated on the right were determined using molecular-mass markers run in the same gel. Blots are representative of three separate experiments. **b** HeLa cells were co-transfected with STIM1 and Orai1 α , STIM1 and Orai1 β or empty vector (mock). Fura-2-loaded cells were perfused with a Ca²⁺-free medium (250 μ M EGTA added) and then stimulated with TG (1 μ M) followed by reintroduction of external Ca²⁺ (final concentration 1 mM) to initiate Ca²⁺ entry. **c** Quantification of Ca²⁺ entry estimated as described in Material and Methods. Scatter plots are represented as mean \pm SEM and were statistically analyzed using Kruskal–Wallis test with multiple comparisons (Dunn’s test). * p < 0.05 as compared to mock-treated cells.

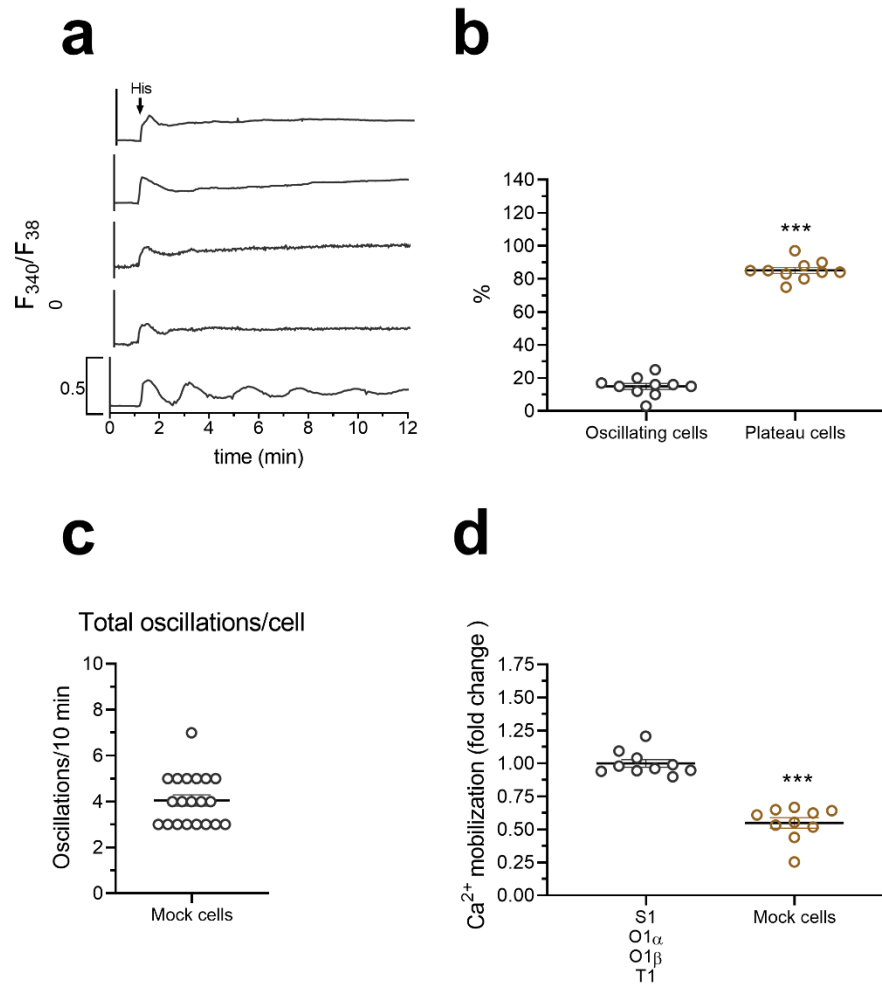


Figure S3. Histamine-induced Ca^{2+} oscillations in mock-treated HeLa cells.

a Representative Ca^{2+} oscillations in response to $3 \mu M$ histamine measured using fura-2 in HeLa cells not incubated with plasmids but otherwise treated as cells in Figure 1. Cells were superfused with HBSS containing $1 mM Ca^{2+}$ and stimulated with $3 \mu M$ histamine at 1 min (indicated by arrow). Representative traces from five cells were chosen to represent the datasets. **b-c** Quantification of the percentage of oscillating and plateau cells (**b**) and total oscillations/cell in 10 min (**c**) for data presented in **a** (for **b**, $n = 10$; n -values correspond to independent experiments; for **C** $n=24$; n -values correspond to individual cells). **d** Quantification of Ca^{2+} mobilization estimated in mock-treated cells in comparison to cells expressing STIM1, Orail α , Orail β and TRPC1 (data from Fig. 1). Scatter plots are represented as mean \pm SEM and were statistically analyzed using Mann–Whitney U test to HeLa cells expressing STIM1, Orail α , Orail β and TRPC1 (** $p < 0.001$).

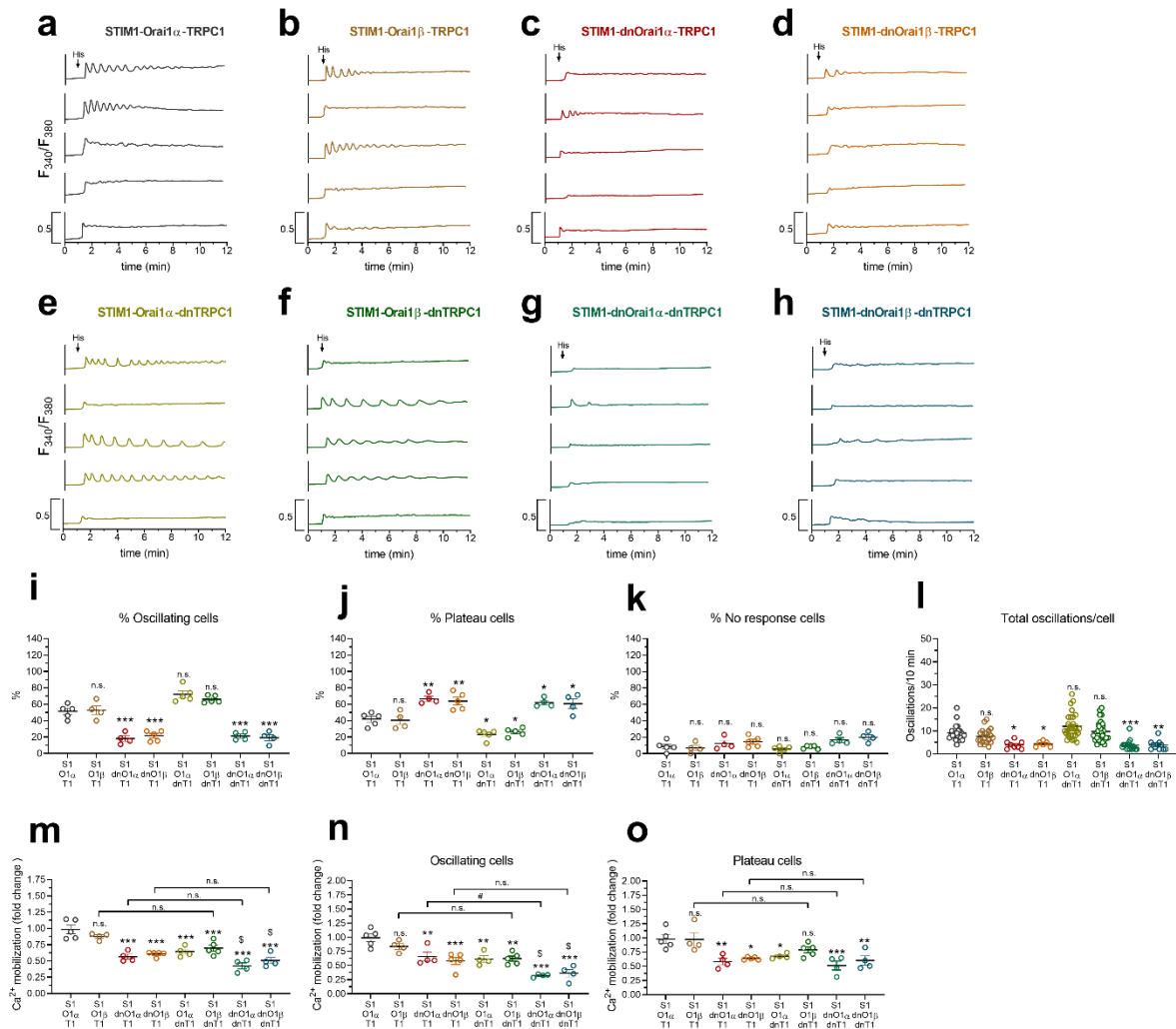


Figure S4. Orai1 α and Orai1 β , but not TRPC1, are required for histamine-induced Ca²⁺ oscillations.

a-h Representative Ca²⁺ oscillations in response to 3 μ M histamine measured using fura-2 in HeLa cells co-transfected with STIM1, Orai1 α or Orai1 β and TRPC1 or the corresponding dominant negative mutants, as described. Cells were superfused with HBSS containing 1 mM Ca²⁺ and stimulated with 3 μ M histamine at 1 min (indicated by arrow). Representative traces from five cells/condition were chosen to represent the datasets. **i-l** Quantification of the percentage of oscillating cells (**i**), percentage of plateau cells (**j**), percentage of non-responding cells (**k**) and total oscillations/cell in 10 min (**l**) for data presented in **a-h** (for **i** to **k**, n = 4-5; n-values correspond to independent experiments; for **l**, from left to right, n = 22, 20, 8, 6, 30, 28, 16 and 11; n-values correspond to individual cells). **m-o** Quantification of Ca²⁺ mobilization for all the conditions from **a** to **h** estimated in all the cells (**m**), oscillating cells (**n**) and plateau cells (**o**). Scatter plots are represented as mean \pm SEM and were statistically analyzed using Kruskal–Wallis test with multiple comparisons (Dunn’s test) to HeLa cells expressing STIM1, Orai1 α or Orai1 β and TRPC1

(* $p < 0.05$ and *** $p < 0.001$), HeLa cells expressing STIM1, Orai1 α or Orai1 β and dnTRPC1 (for conditions including the expression of dnTRPC1; \$ $p < 0.05$ and \$\$ $p < 0.01$) or the corresponding condition with WT TRPC1 vs dnTRPC1 ([#] $p < 0.05$).

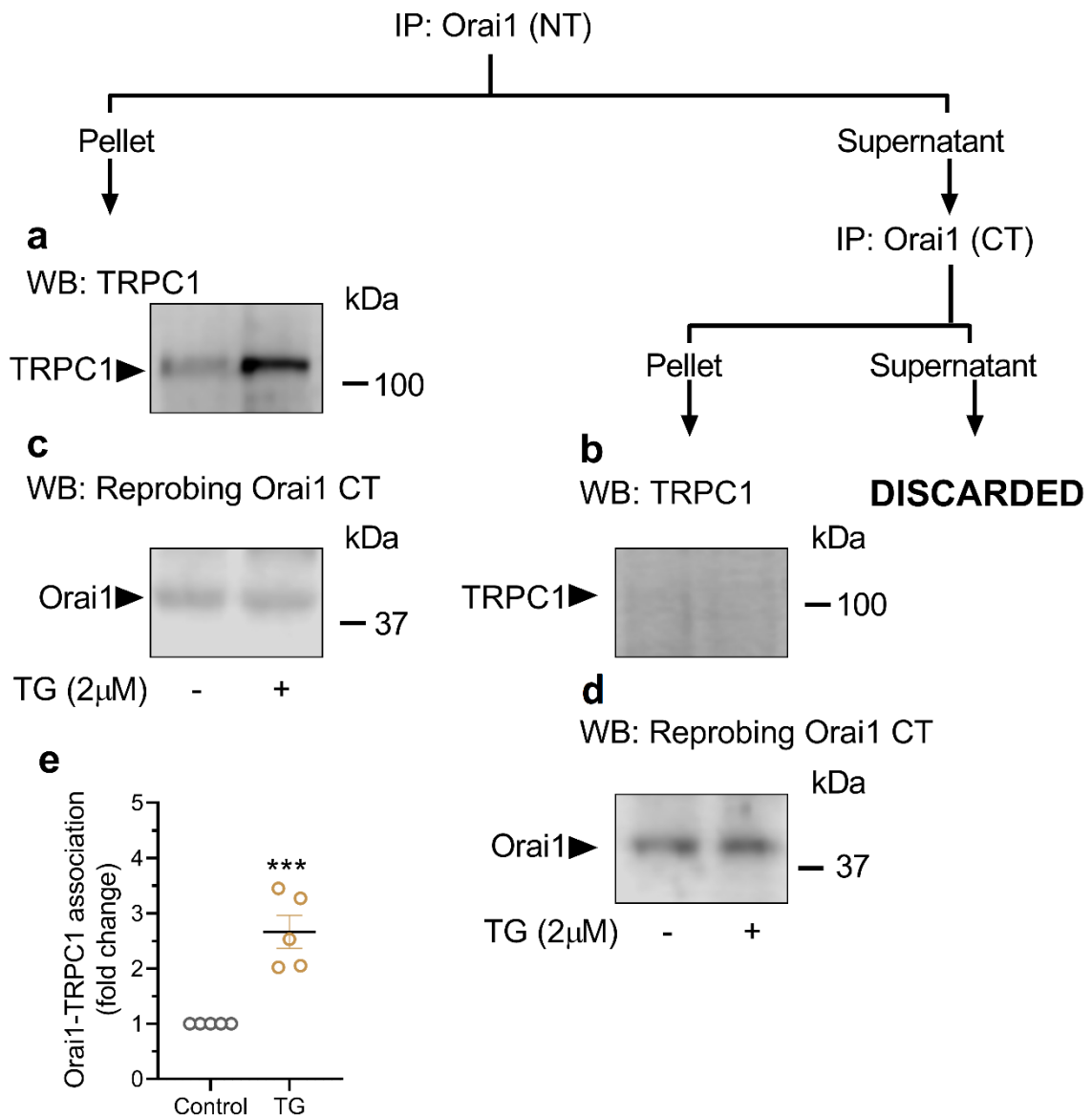


Figure S5. TRPC1 interacts exclusively with Orai1 α .

HeLa cells were suspended in HBS containing 1 mM Ca²⁺ and then stimulated for 1 min with 2 μ M TG or the vehicle and lysed. Whole-cell lysates were immunoprecipitated with anti-Orai1 antibody (epitope N-terminal (NT): amino acids 2-61). The immunoprecipitates (pellet) were then subjected to 10% SDS-PAGE and Western blotting with the anti-TRPC1 antibody (**a**), as described in Material and Methods. Membranes were reprobbed with the anti-Orai1 antibody (epitope C-terminal (CT): amino acids 288-301) for protein loading control (**c**). The supernatant of the immunoprecipitation with anti-Orai1 NT-antibody was further immunoprecipitated with the anti-Orai1 CT-antibody. The pellet was subjected to

10% SDS-PAGE and Western blotting with the anti-TRPC1 antibody **(b)** and membranes were reprobated with the anti-Orai1 CT-antibody for protein loading control **(d)**. Molecular masses indicated on the right were determined using molecular-mass markers run in the same gel. Blots are representative of five separate experiments. **e** Quantification of TRPC1-Orai1 association under the different experimental conditions normalized to the Orai1 expression. Scatter plots are represented as mean \pm SEM and were statistically analyzed using Mann–Whitney U test. *** $p < 0.001$ as compared to Control.

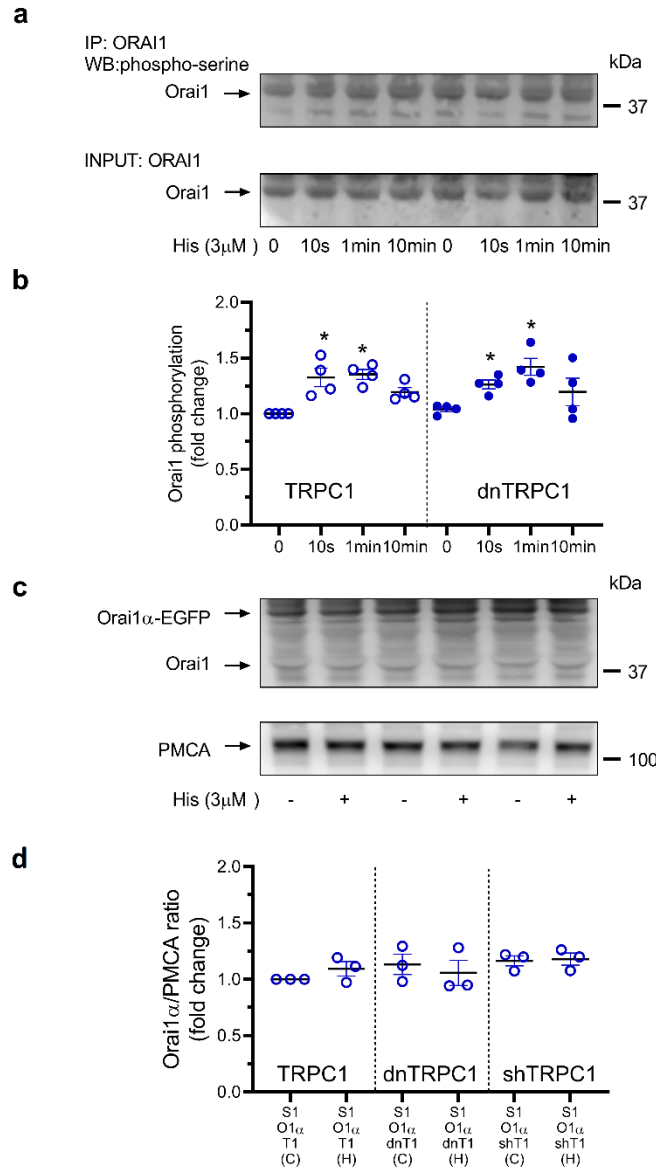


Figure S6. TRPC1 does not alter either the plasma membrane location or serine phosphorylation of Orail α .

a-b HeLa cells were co-transfected with STIM1-CFP, Orail α -GFP and TRPC1 (or dnTRPC1 mutant, as indicated). Forty-eight hours later cells were suspended in HBS containing 1 mM Ca²⁺ and then stimulated with 3 μ M histamine. Samples were taken 1s before and 10 s, 1 min and 10 min after the addition of histamine and lysed. Whole-cell lysates were immunoprecipitated with anti-Orail C-terminal antibody. The immunoprecipitates were then subjected to 8% SDS-PAGE and Western blotting with specific anti-phosphoserine antibody (**a**, top panel), as described in Material and Methods. Membranes were reprobbed with the anti-Orail C-terminal antibody for protein loading control (**a**, bottom panel). Molecular masses indicated on the right were determined using molecular-mass markers run in the same gel. **b** Quantification of Orail α serine phosphorylation under the different experimental conditions normalized to the Orail α

expression. Scatter plots are represented as mean \pm SEM, expressed as fold change (experimental/control) and were statistically analyzed using Kruskal–Wallis test with multiple comparisons (Dunn’s test). * $p < 0.05$ as compared to Control. **c-d** HeLa cells were co-transfected with STIM1-CFP, Orai1 α -GFP and either TRPC1, dnTRPC1 mutant or shTRPC1, as indicated. Forty-eight hours later cells were suspended in HBS containing 1 mM Ca²⁺, stimulated for 1 min with 3 μ M histamine or left untreated and mixed with biotinylation buffer containing EZ-Link sulfo-NHS-LC-biotin. Cell surface proteins were labeled by biotinylation as described in Material and Methods. Labeled proteins were pulled down with streptavidin-coated agarose beads. The pellet (containing the plasma membrane fraction) was analyzed by SDS-PAGE and Western blotting using anti-Orai1 α (C terminal) or anti-PMCA antibody, as indicated. Molecular masses indicated on the right were determined using molecular-mass markers run in the same gel. These results are representative of 3 separate experiments. **d** Quantification of Orai1 α plasma membrane expression under the different experimental conditions normalized to the PMCA expression. Scatter plots are represented as mean \pm SEM and expressed as fold change (experimental/control (resting cells co-transfected with STIM1-CFP, Orai1 α -GFP and TRPC1)). Data were statistically analyzed using Kruskal–Wallis test with multiple comparisons (Dunn’s test).

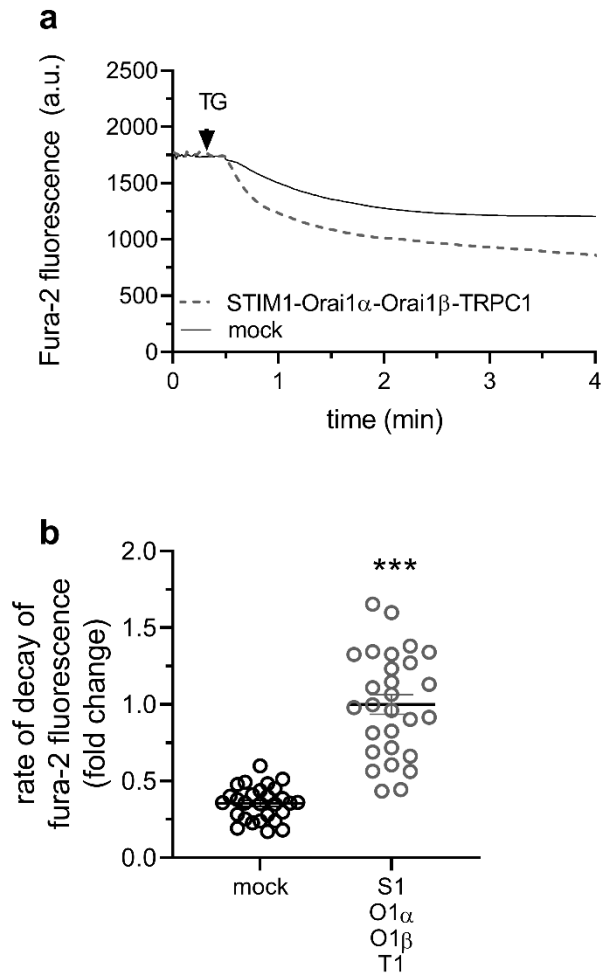


Figure S7. Mn^{2+} influx in HeLa cells expressing STIM1, Orai1 α , Orai1 β and TRPC1. **a** Representative responses to 2 μM TG in HeLa cells co-transfected with STIM1, Orai1 α , Orai1 β and TRPC1 or mock transfected, as described. Cells were superfused with HBSS containing 0.5 mM Mn^{2+} and 1 mM Ca^{2+} and stimulated with 2 μM TG (indicated by arrow). Fura-2 fluorescence was measured at an excitation wavelength of 360 nm, the isoemissive wavelength. Representative traces were chosen to represent the datasets. **b** Quantification of the rate of decay of fura-2 fluorescence under the different experimental conditions (from left to right, $n=28$; n -values correspond to individual cells). Scatter plots are represented as mean \pm SEM and were statistically analyzed using the Mann–Whitney U test. *** $p < 0.001$ as compared to mock transfected HeLa cells.

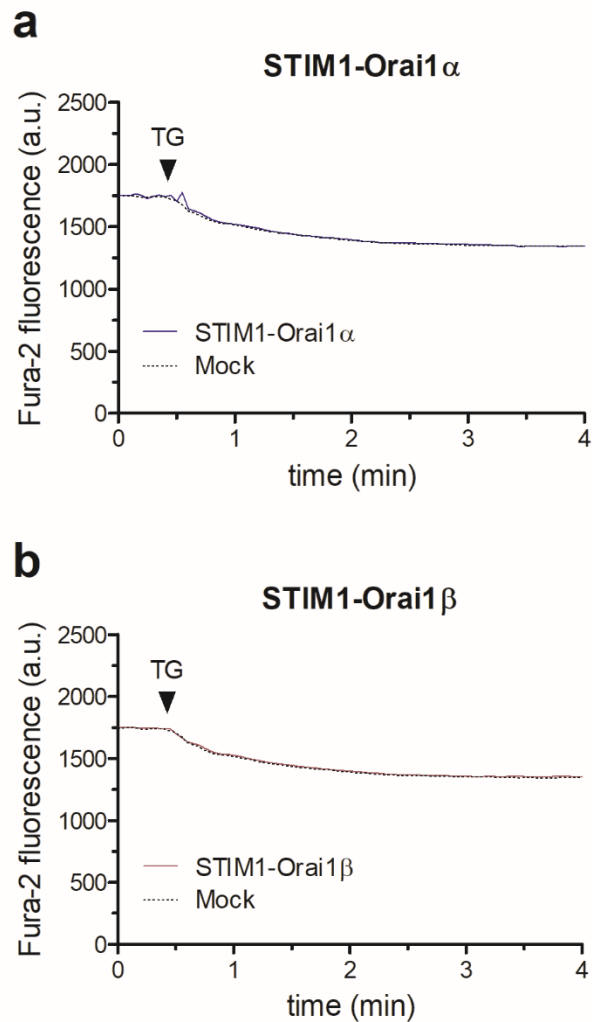


Figure S8. Determination of Mn^{2+} influx in HeLa cells expressing STIM1 and Orai1 α or STIM1 and Orai1 β .

Representative responses to 2 μ M TG in HeLa cells co-transfected with STIM1 and Orai1 α (**a**) or STIM1 and Orai1 β (**b**), as described. Cells were superfused with HBSS containing 0.5 mM Mn^{2+} and 1 mM Ca^{2+} and stimulated with 2 μ M TG (indicated by arrow). Fura-2 fluorescence was measured at an excitation wavelength of 360 nm, the isoemissive wavelength. Traces are representative of 3 independent experiments (n=28-34; n-values correspond to individual cells).

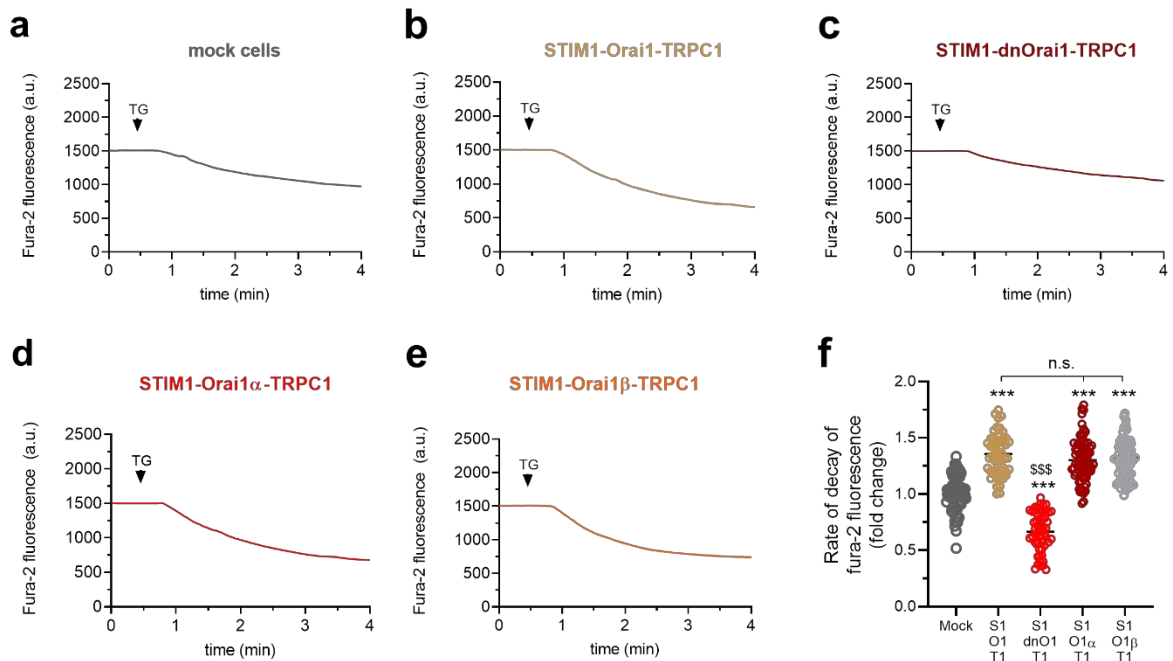


Figure S9. Orai1 α and Orai1 β modulate Mn²⁺ influx through TRPC1 in HEK293 cells. **a-e** Representative responses to TG in HEK293 cells co-transfected with empty vectors (mock cells; **a**), or expression plasmids for STIM1, TRPC1 and either EYFP-Orai1 (**b**), the dominant negative Orai1 mutant (**c**), Orai1 α -EGFP (**d**) or Orai1 β -EGFP (**e**), as described. Cells were superfused with HBSS containing 0.5 mM Mn²⁺ and 1 mM Ca²⁺ and stimulated with 2 μ M TG (indicated by arrow). Fura-2 fluorescence was measured at an excitation wavelength of 360 nm, the isoemissive wavelength. Representative traces were chosen to represent the datasets. **f** Quantification of the rate of decay of fura-2 fluorescence under the different experimental conditions (from left to right, n=65, 53, 53, 78 and 70; n-values correspond to individual cells). Scatter plots are represented as mean \pm SEM and were statistically analyzed using Kruskal–Wallis test with multiple comparisons (Dunn’s test). *** p < 0.001 as compared to mock cells. \$\$\$ p < 0.001 as compared to cells expressing STIM1, Orai1 and TRPC1.